# WARNING SYSTEM IN THE PHILIPPINES FOR SHALLOW TRANSLATIONAL AND DEEP SEATED-LANDSLIDES

Arturo S. Daag, PhD

Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology (PHIVOLCS)

Department of Science and Technology (DOST)

Web-based Landslide Warning System for shallow translational Landslides

# Global Satellite Mapping OF Precipitation (GSMap)



#### Operational Landslide Warning System in Japan

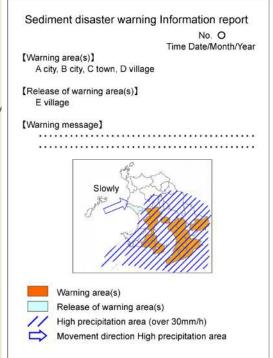
Prefectural government and meteorological observatory (JMA) cooperated to issue early warning information in 2006 using Ground Radar and RBFN methodology.

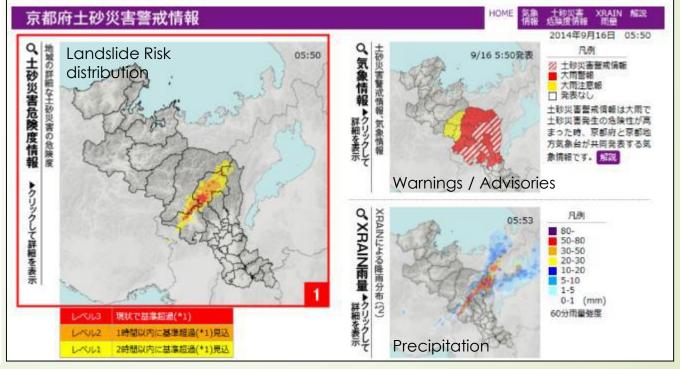
# Prefectural government

- · Surveying landslide hazard area
- · Setting rainfall criteria for giving an early warning

Local meteorological observatory

- Rainfall observation
- Providing meteorological information through medias





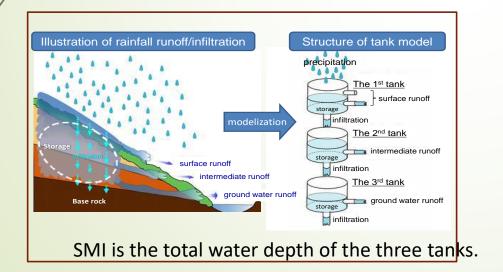
#### Methodology in the Philippines

Hourly Rainfall (Locally calibrated GSMaP)

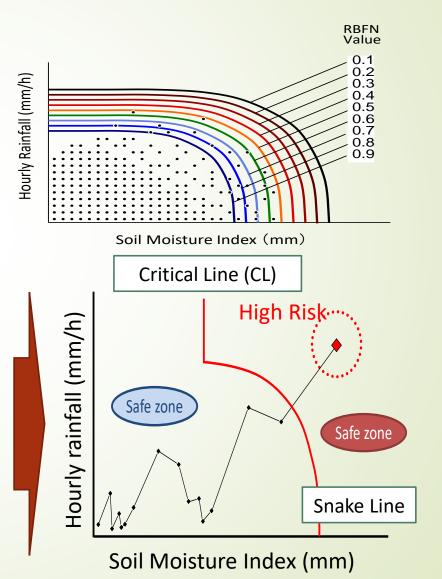


Hourly rainfall (mm/h)

Soil Moisture Index (estimated from tank model)



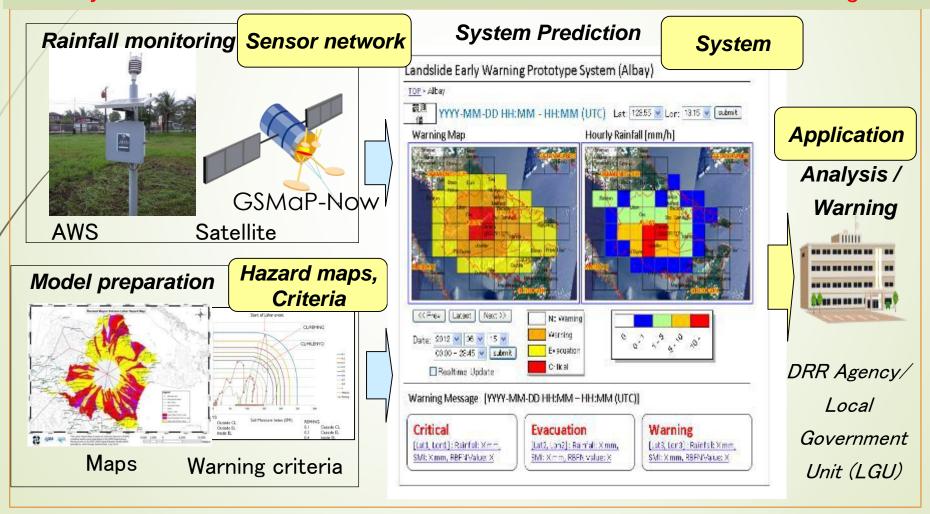
Risk Level based on Critical Lines



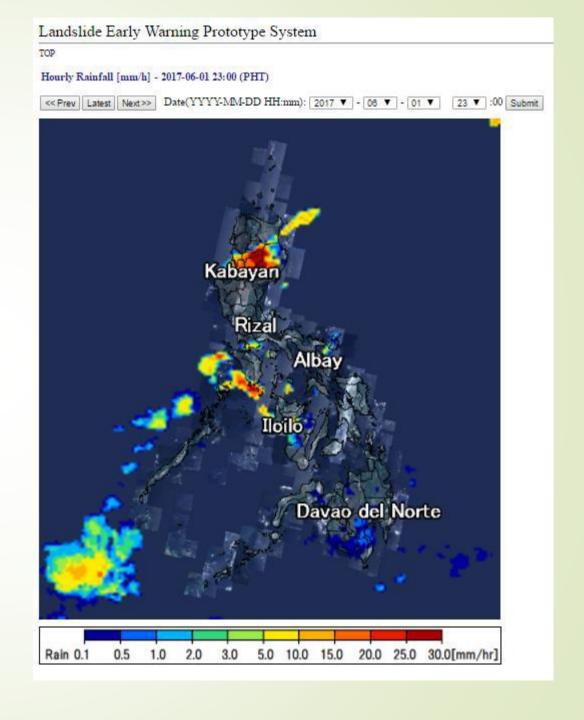
# GSMaP Application to Landslide Warning System (GLAWS)

GSMaP rainfall archives are analyzed by a machine learning method (RBFN), and critical lines (CLs) of hourly rainfall and soil moisture index (SMI) are selected.

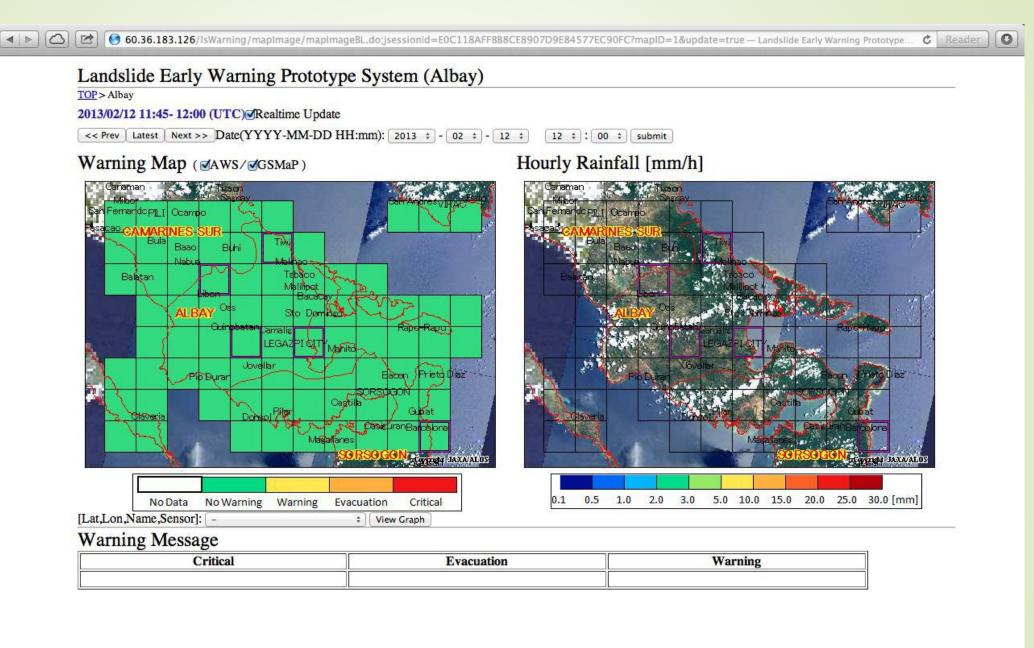
The system monitors rainfall in real-time and determines the landslide warning level.



Landslide Warning System
http://153.231.215.240/lsWar
ning/



<u>ntp://153.231.215.240/isvvarning/</u>



#### Rizal Pilot Study - Training and Calibration

A local calibration and training on the use of WEB-based Landslide Warning System (GLAWS) was conducted in Antipolo City (Barrangay-Level) and Rizal Province (Municipal Level) together with National DRR agencies (MGB,PAGASA,PHIVOLCS).

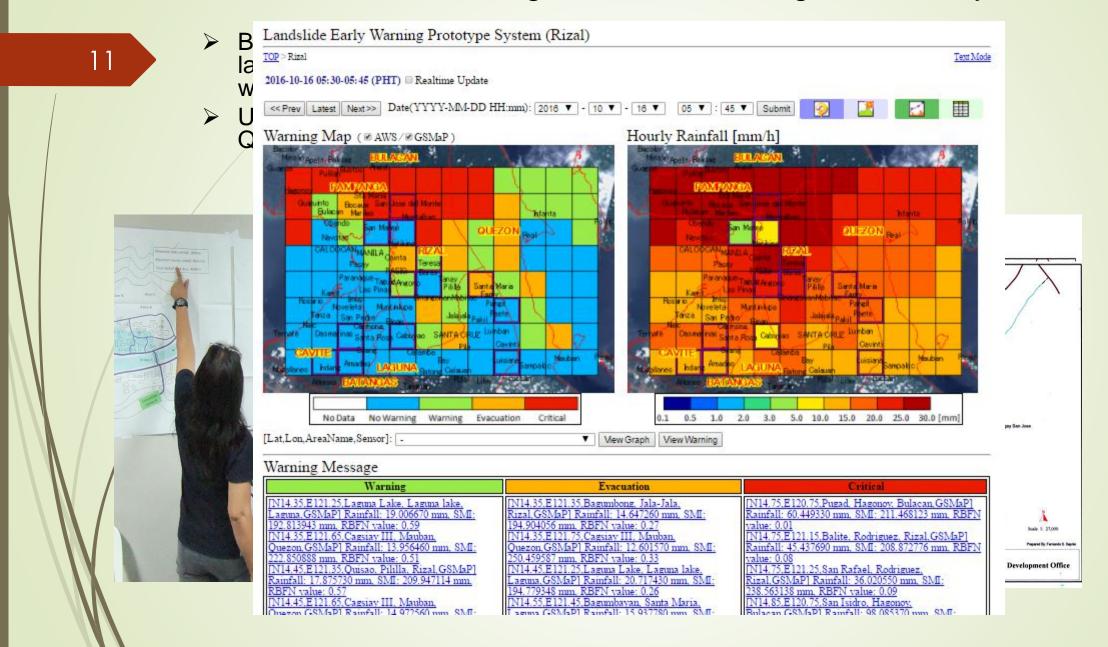






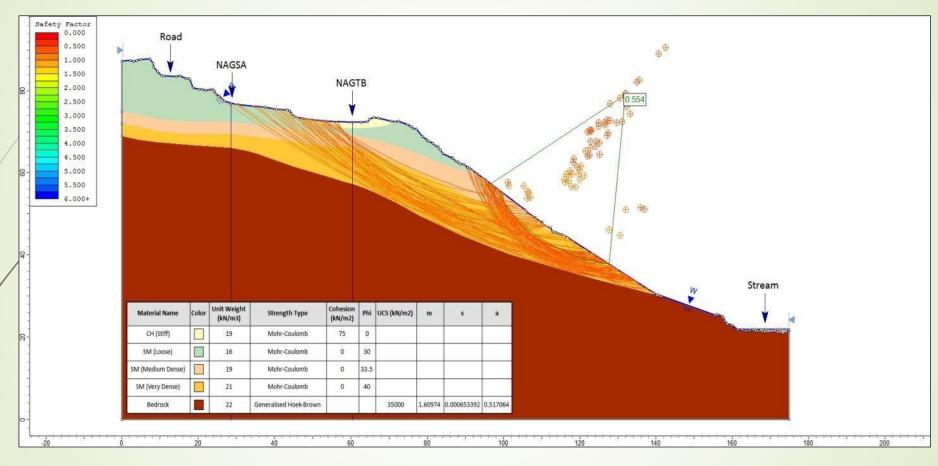


#### Trial use of warning information through case study



Landslide Warning System for Deepseated Landslides

#### **Modelling Failures for Deep-seated Landslides**



**Nagyubuyuban, San Fernando City, La Union.** Slope stability analysis for the saturated condition showing all surfaces with factors of safety less than 1.0. Factor of safety is 0.554.



# Mapping of active fissures for monitoring



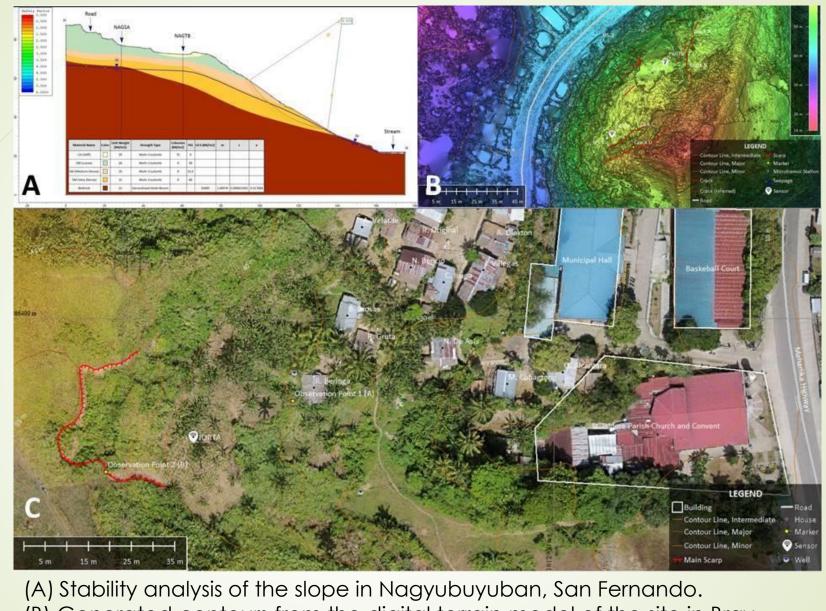


## Creeping evidence of fissures



Figure 6.9. Time series photo of tree split by ground displacements at Lower Mesolong, Talaingod. Left to right: June 11, July 28, and November 4, 2015.





- (B) Generated contours from the digital terrain model of the site in Brgy. Parasanon, Pinabacdao, Samar.
- (C) Features and exposure map of the site in Poblacion 1, San Jorge, Samar

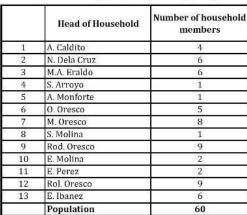
#### Landslide features, and exposure map



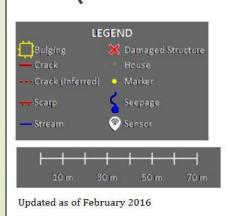


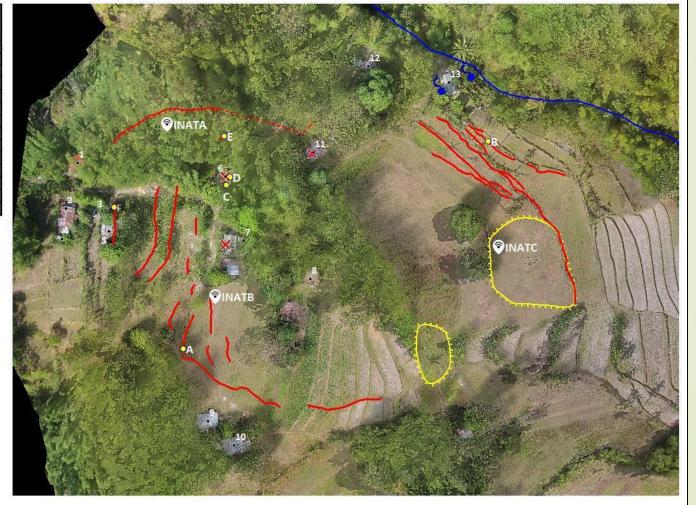


#### Sitio Sambag, Brgy. Inabasan, Maasin, Iloilo



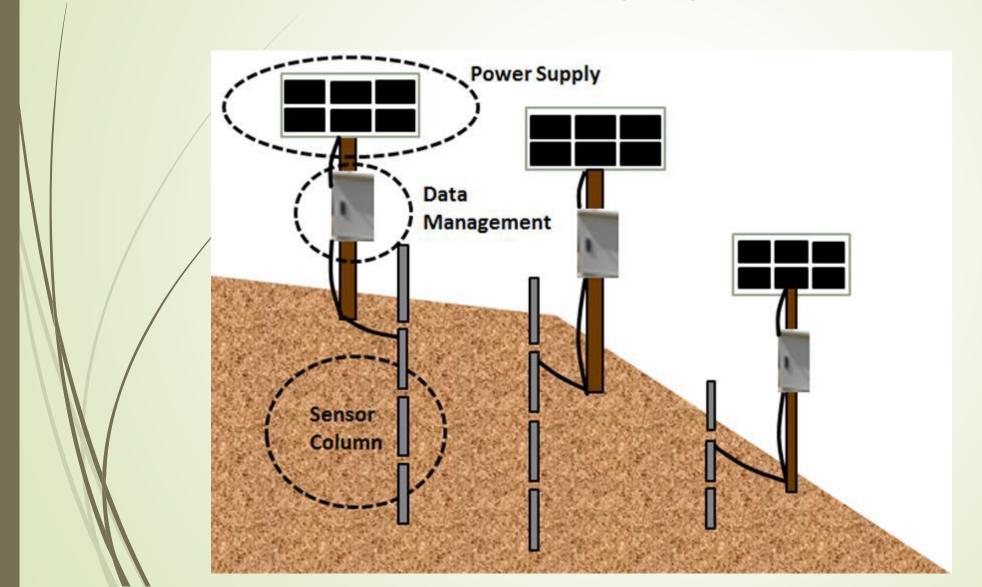








# Schematic diagram of sensor system and field deployment





# Manufacturing of Tilt and Moisture Sensor 1 set of sensors per meter

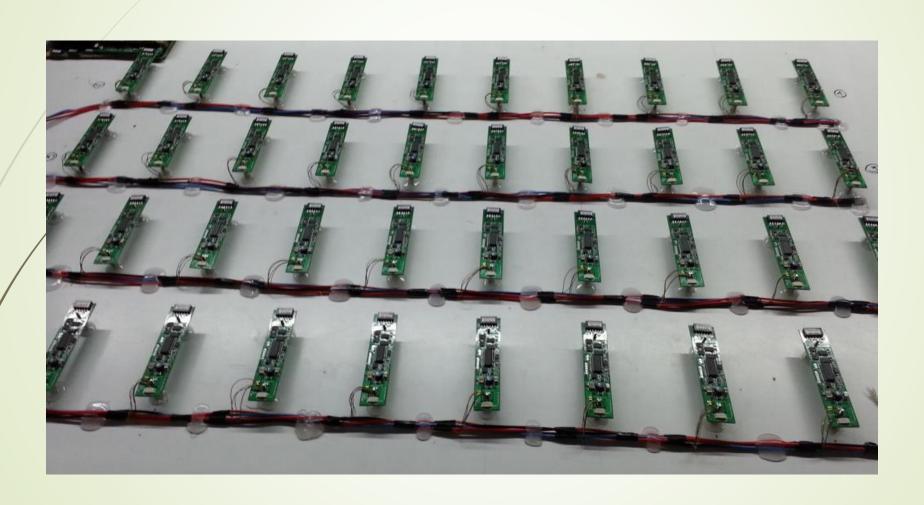


Tilt Sensor



Moisture Sensor

# Manufacturing of refined landslide sensor system: Electronics



#### 50 Sites with Landslide Sensors and Automatic Weather Stations



Brgy. Lipanto, AWS Installation



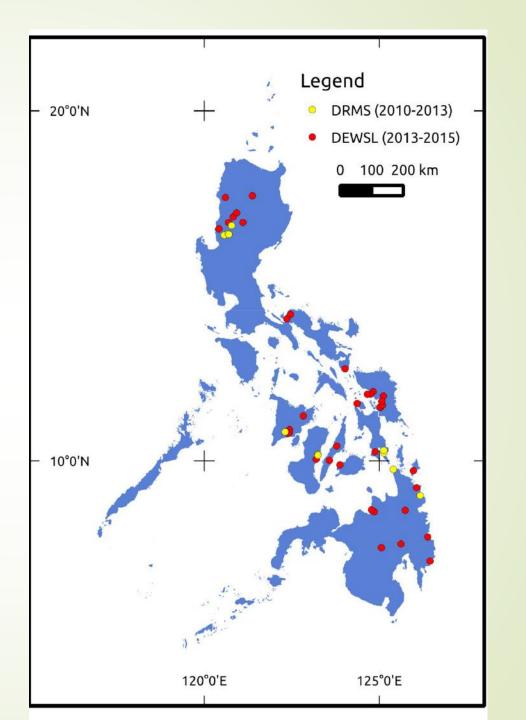
Brgy. Bolodbolod AWS Installation



Brgy. Boloc Sensor Maintenance

# 50 Sites with End to End Warning System

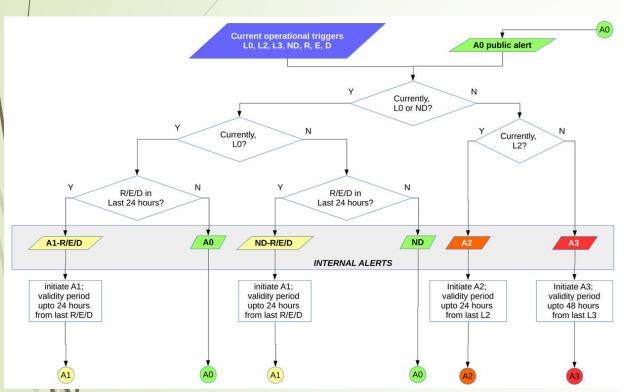
- Tilt & Moisture Sensors
- Automatic WeatherStation
- Geodetic monitoring of active fissures
- Establish LandslideEarly WarningCommittee (LEWC)





#### Early warning protocol

Alert levels







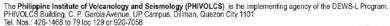


# ALERT LEVEL MESSAGES \_\_\_\_\_AND RECOMMENDED RESPONSES FOR LANDSLIDES

#### **DOST - PHIVOLCS DEWS-L PROGRAM**

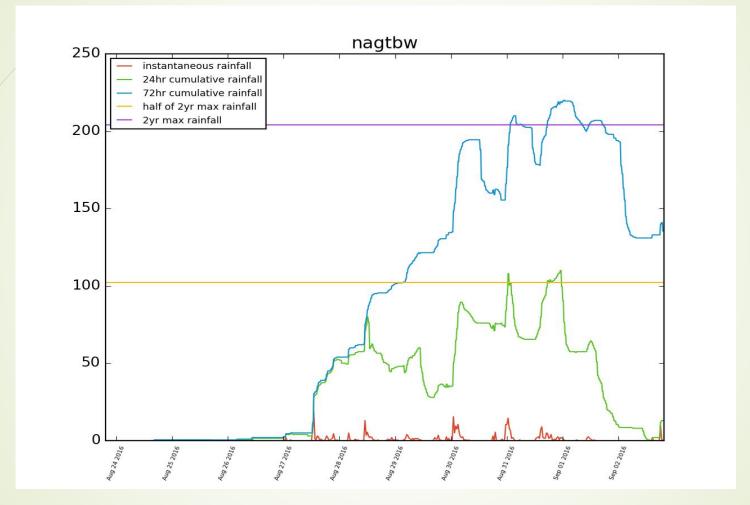
ALERT LEVEL	DESCRIPTION	RECOMMENDED RESPONSE FOR LGU/LLMC	RECOMMENDED RESPONSE FOR THE COMMUNITY
A0	No significant ground movement	Proceed with routine monitoring	Proceed with daily activities
A1	Recent rainfall, earthquake, and/or other landslide-related event may trigger landslide	Prepare to assist households at risk in responding to higher alerts (A2 or A3) It conditions are sate, monitor every 4 hours	Prepare to respond to higher alerts (A2 or A3)
A2	Significant ground movement observed in the last 24 hours	Prepare to evacuate the households at risk If conditions are safe, monitor every 4 hours	Prepare to evacuate
A3	Critical ground movement observed in the last 48 hours; landslide may be imminent	Evacuate the households at risk	Evacuate







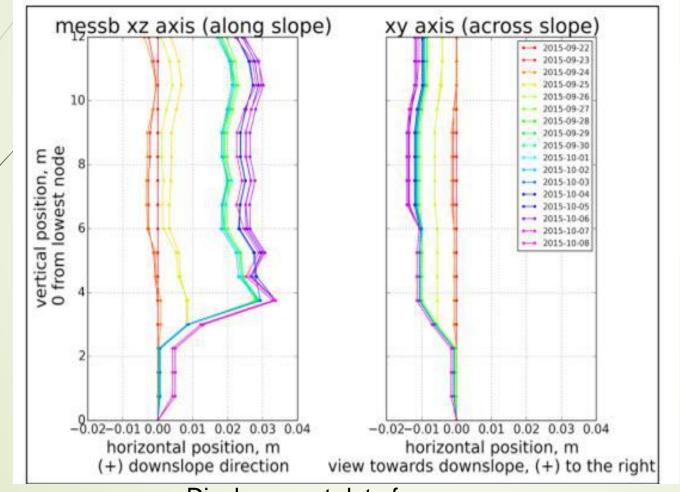
Preliminary thresholds : Rainfall



Plot for evaluating 1- and 3-day cumulative rainfall against their respective thresholds ( $\frac{1}{2}$  of 2 yr max, and 2 yr max)



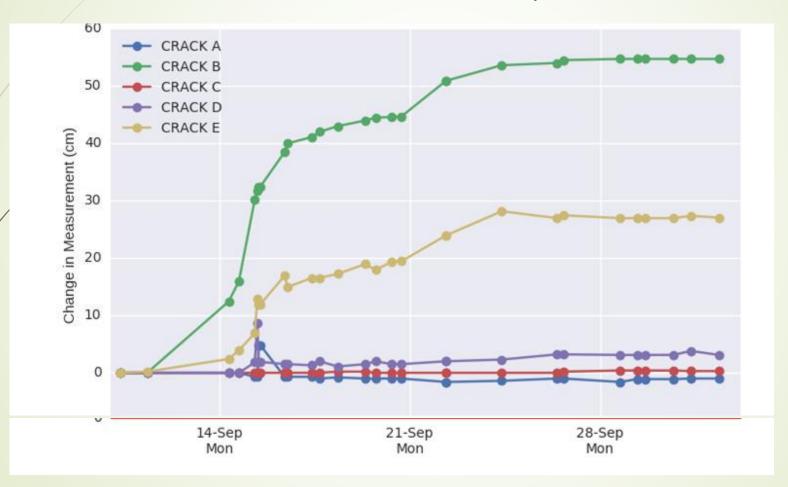
- **Preliminary thresholds:**
- Landslide movement: Tilt data from borehole sensors

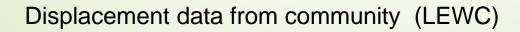




Displacement data from sensors

- Preliminary thresholds:
- Landslide movement: Crack displacements at the surface

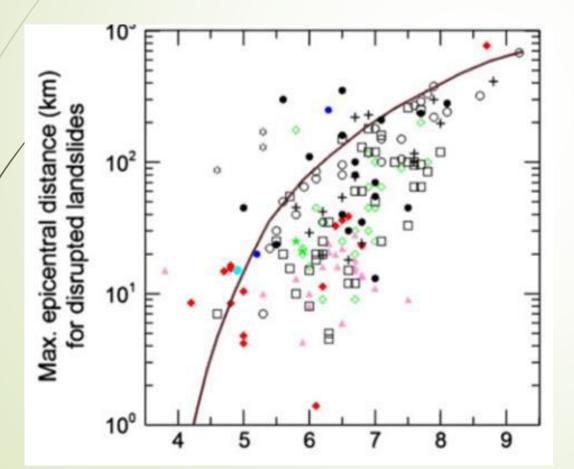






#### **Preliminary thresholds**

- Earthquake
  - Magnitude, epicentral distance from PHIVOLCS SOEPD



Earthquake-induced landslide threshold as function of earthquake magnitude (x-axis), and epicentral distance (y-axis) for disrupted landslides Delgado et al. (2011)



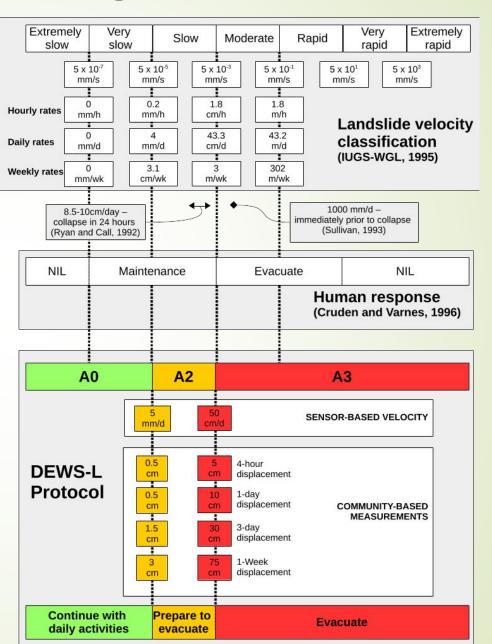
Early warning protocoligger Sym-Description Threshold bol Operational triggers R0No landslide-triggering 1- and 3-day cumulative rainfall values are below rainfall event detected threshold conditions (see R1, below) R1 Recent rainfall may trigger 1-day cumulative rainfall landslide > 1/2 of 2-year maximum daily rainfall; OR 3-day cumulative rainfall > 2-year maximum daily rainfall No landslide-triggering Earthquake magnitude -E0Earthquake earthquake event detected epicentral distance plots above the critical line of Delgado et al. (2011) E1 Recent earthquake may Earthquake magnitude epicentral distance plots trigger landslide below the critical line of Delgado et al. (2011) On-demand D0No monitoring requests by n/a monitoring LGU and community request D1 Monitoring requested by n/a LGU or community due to rainfall, earthquake or other landslide-related observations LO No significant movement Velocity  $\leq 5^{mm/day}$ Landslide L2 Significant movement Velocity movement > 5mm/day, leg 50cm/dayL3 Critical movement Velocity > 50cm/day





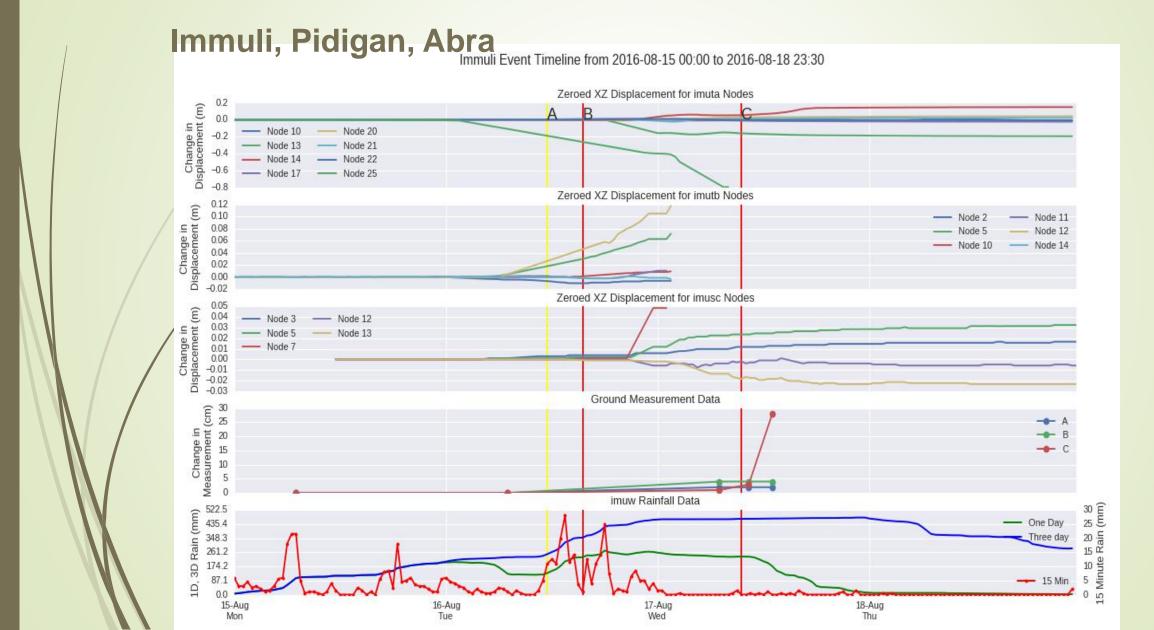
**Preliminary thresholds** 

Landslide movement





# Some monitoring event





#### Issuance of Warning to Stake Holders

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

#### PHILIPPINE INSTITUTE OF VOLCANOLOGY AND SEISMOLOGY

PHIVOLOS Bidg., C.P. Gardia Ave., University of the Philippines Campus, Oliman, Quezon City Tels. (+632) 426-1468 to 79 for 112, 129, (+632) 926-2611, (+632) 920-7058 Fax: (+632) 929-8366 Website: www.phivolos.doi.topu.jb

#### PRIMER ON THE LANDSLIDE-RELATED EVACUATION OF UPPER and LOWER MESOLONG COMMUNITIES IN BARANGAY STO. NIÑO, TALAINGOD, DAVAO DEL NORTE

20 October 2015

#### What happened at Upper and Lower Mesolong?

A pre-emptive evacuation of 188 families from Sitios Upper Mesolong and Lower Mesolong in Barangay Sto. Niño was ordered by the Municipal Disaster Relx Reduction and Management Office (MDRRMO) of Tafaingod on September 15, 2015. The MDRRMO responded to a landslide threat based on information from PHIVOLCS. Residents stayed at the evacuation center for about one to two weeks; the Upper Mesolong residents returned to their homes on September 21, and those from Lower Mesolong on September 30.

The local landslide monitoring committee (LLMC) provided measurements of monitored cracks in Upper and Lower Mesolong. PHI/VOLCS studied these information and forwarded the atents and recommended responses to the LGUs and LLMC for their actions. The table below summarizes the atents and responses before, during, and after the evacuation.

Sitio	Date	PHIVOLCS information	Actual local response
Lower Mesolan g	Sep 14	significant ground movement; A1; Prepare to evacuate the potentially affected households.	monitoring by LUMC/LGU
	Sep 15-30	critical ground movement; A2; Evacuate the potentially affected households.	Pre-emptive evacuation ordered at 10AM Sep 15 by MDRRMO; monitoring by LLMC/LGU
	Sep 30	no significant ground movement; A0; Proceed with daily activities	MDRRMO allows Lower Mesolong community to return to their homes; manitoring by LLMC/LGU
Upper Mesolon	Sep 15	no significant ground movement; A0; Proceed with daily activities	Pre-emptive evacuation ordered at 10AM Sep 15 by MDRRMO
g	Sep 18-21	significant ground movement; A1(ND-L); Prepare to evacuate the potentially affected households.	(community already at evacuation center)
	Sep 21- Oct 1	no significant ground movement; A0; Proceed with daily activities	MDRRMO allows Upper Mesolong community to return to their homes on Sep 21; monitoring by LLMC/LGU

#### Why was there an evacuation of the residents?

There is an agreement among PHIVOLCS, the LGUs of Sto. Nino, Talaingod, and Davao del Norte, and the residents of Upper and Lower Mesolong to test and implement a landslide early warning system in the two sitios of Sto. Nino. The evacuation and associated early warning activities are part of the implementation of this system.



#### REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

#### DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

PHILIPPINE INSTITUTE OF VOLCANOLOGY AND SEISMOLOGY PHIVOLCS Bldg., C.P. Garcia Ave., University of the Philippines Campups, Diliman, Quezon City Tels. (+632) 426-1468 to 79 loc 112, 129; (+632) 926-2611, (+632) 920-7058

Fax: (+632) 929-8366 Website: www.phivolcs.dost.gov.ph



#### DEWS-L PROGRAM LANDSLIDE ALERT LEVEL INFORMATION: PUG-2017-039

Location: Sitio Longlong, Brgy. Puguis, La Trinidad, Benguet

Date/Time 30 May 2017, 08:00 PM

Alert Level Released: A1 (Recent rainfall may trigger landslides), valid until 31 May 2017,

12:00 MN

Recommended Response: Prepare to assist households at risk in responding to higher alerts (A2

or A3).

#### AREA SITUATION:

#### RAINFALL

Accumulated rainfall exceeded threshold values last 27 May 2017, 04:30 PM. Most recent re-trigger/s occurred on 29 May 2017, 11:30 PM, 29 May 2017, 05:00 PM, 29 May 2017, 03:30 PM.

Detail: 3-day cumulative rainfall (194.15 mm) exceeded threshold (193.39 mm)

#### GROUND MOVEMENT

No significant ground movement detected.

#### HOUSEHOLDS AT RISK

At least 50 households, Pico-Lamtang Road

#### OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:

For the Landslide Early Warning Committee (LEWC): If conditions are safe, monitor the site daily at 7:30 AM, 11:30 AM and 3:30 PM; report new ground data on 31 May 2017, 7:30 AM.

For the Community: Prepare to respond to higher alerts (A2 or A3). Report landslide-related changes observed in the surroundings to the LEWC/LGU.

**NOTE:** This Bulletin contains the official Alert Level and Recommended Response of the DEWS-L Program for Brgy. Puguis and will hold true until a new bulletin is released.

Please proceed to the links Landslide Alert Level Based on Ground Movement and Alert Levels and Recommended Responses for references.

Next bulletin on: 31 May 2017, 12:00 MN

Prepared by: MV, MN



# **DEWS-Landslide Monitoring Dashboard**



Site Name		Initial Trigger Timestamp	Latest Re-trigger	Internal Alert	11
Name 4		rimestamp 11	Timestamp ↓†	Aleit	-41
Cudog		16 July 2016	17 July 2016	A1-R	
		23:30:00	19:30:00		
	-	ed Monitoring End of Prev	ious Alert Validity   †		Monitoring Sta
es Under 3-E Site Name	ay Extende	=	ious Alert Validity ↓†		Monitoring Sta

